

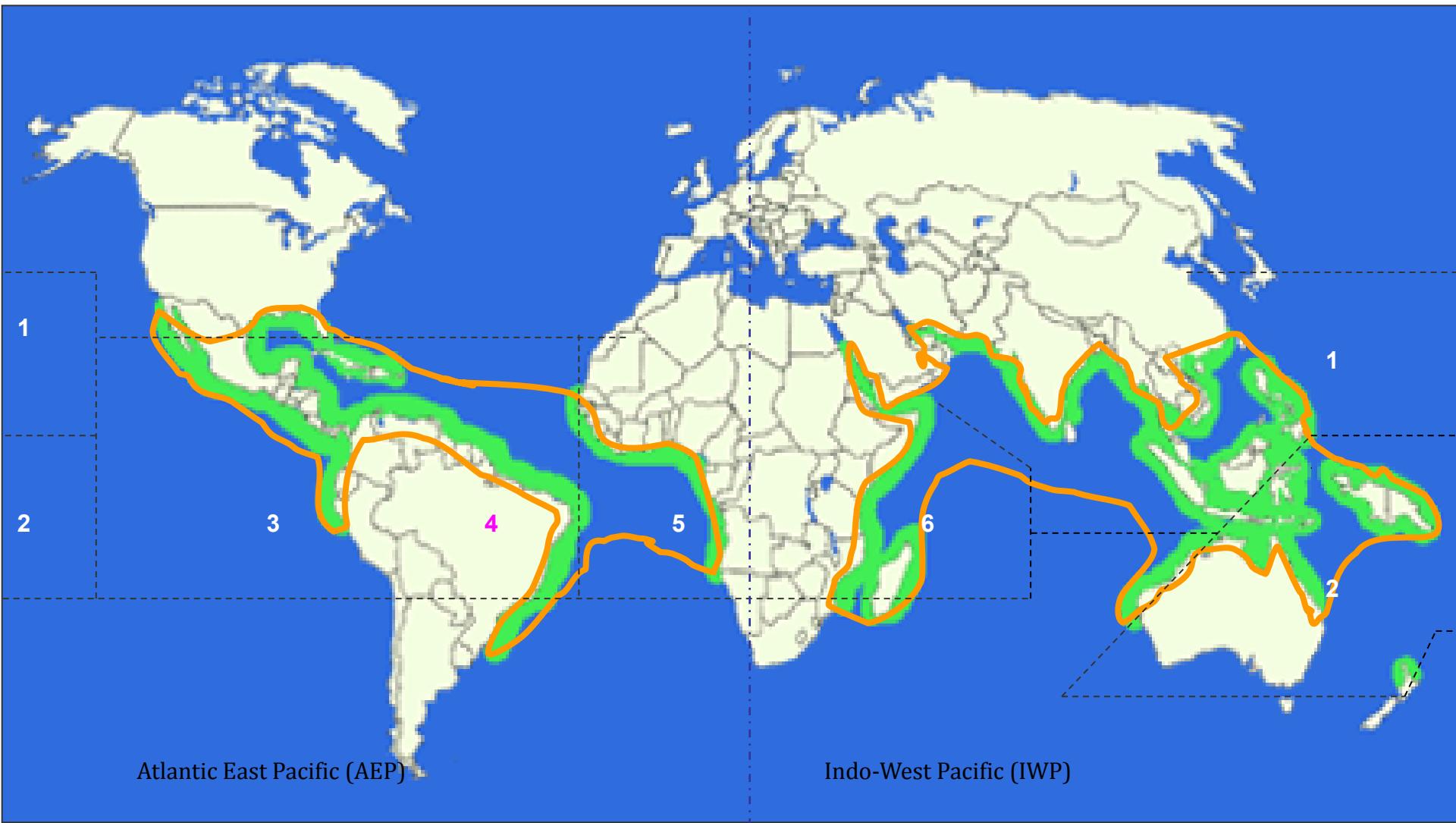


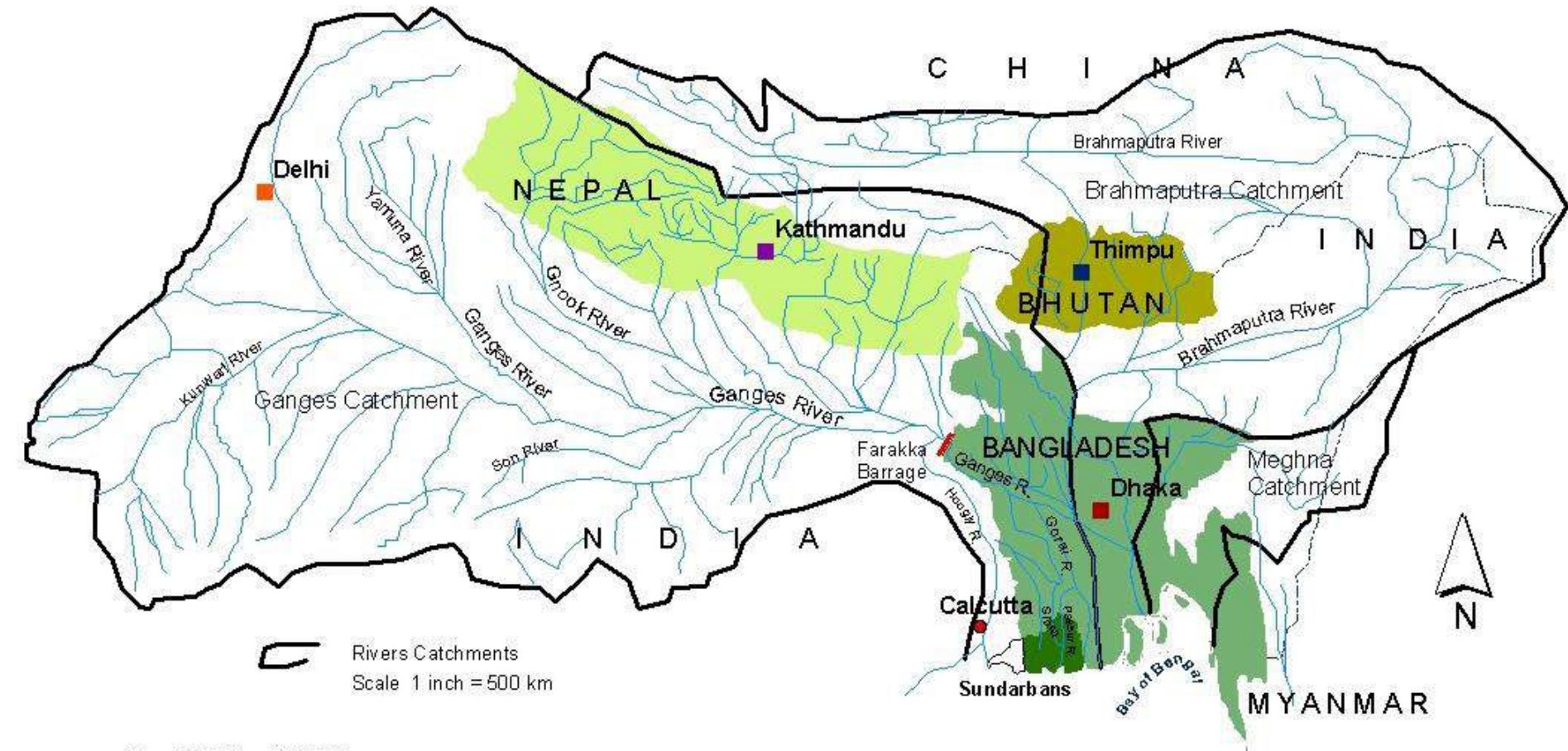
Mangrove and Wetlands Ecosystem Management in Bangladesh



By
Dr. Shafi Noor ISLAM

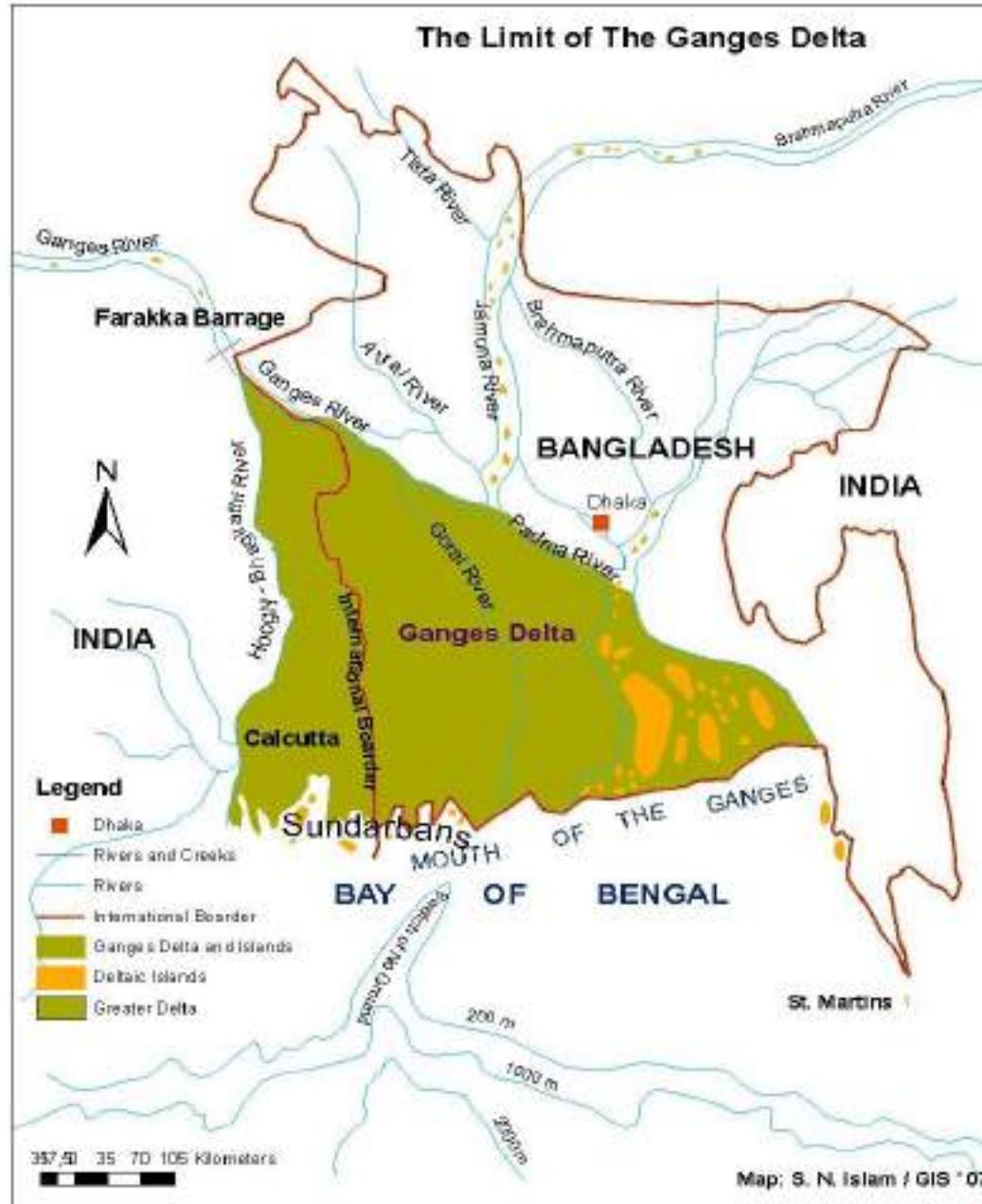


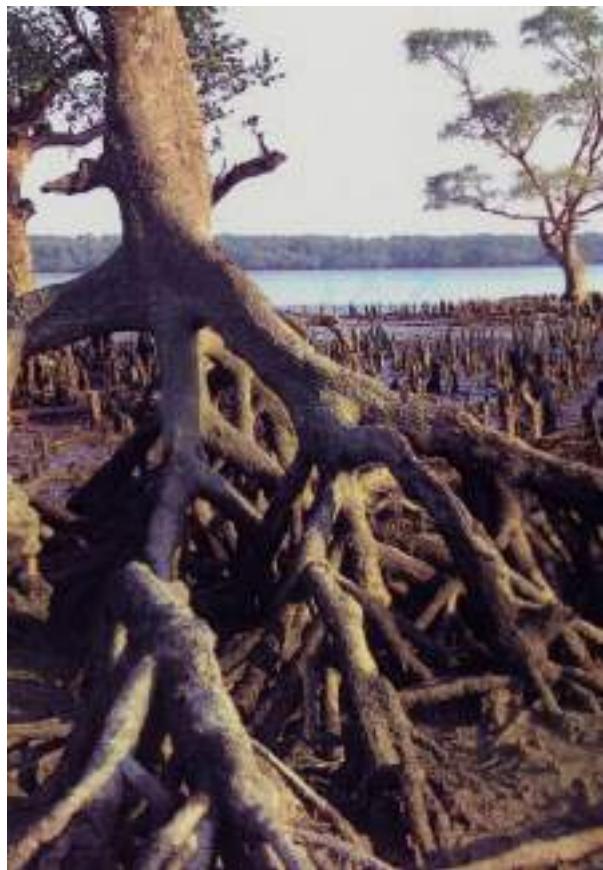




Map : S. N. Islam / GIS '07

The Sundarbans in the Ganges Delta





Heritiera fomes



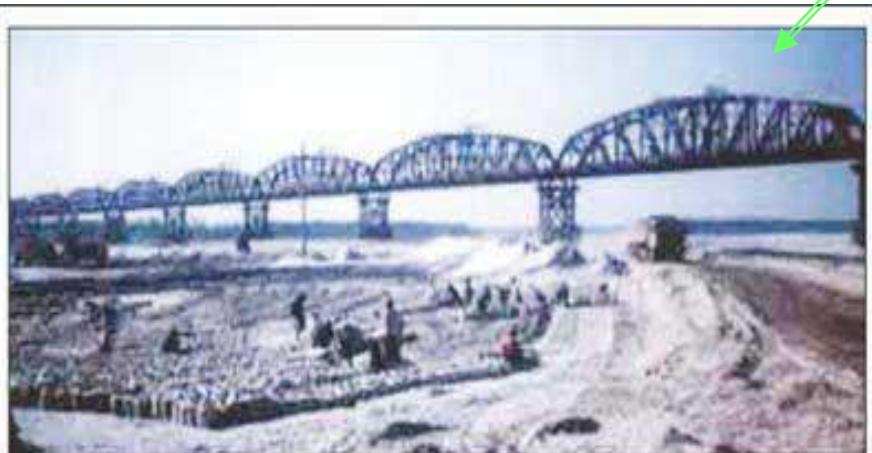
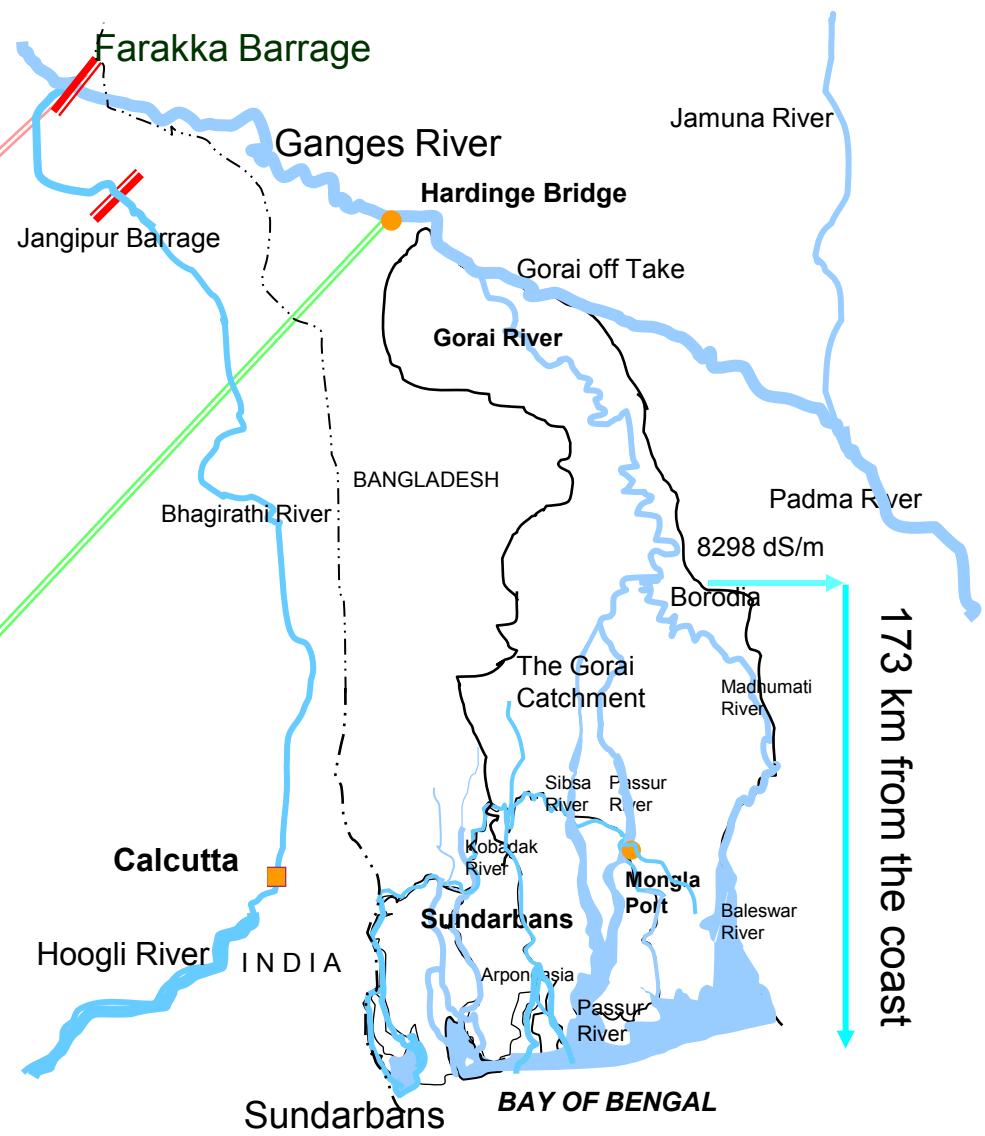
Out growth roots



Nypa frutican



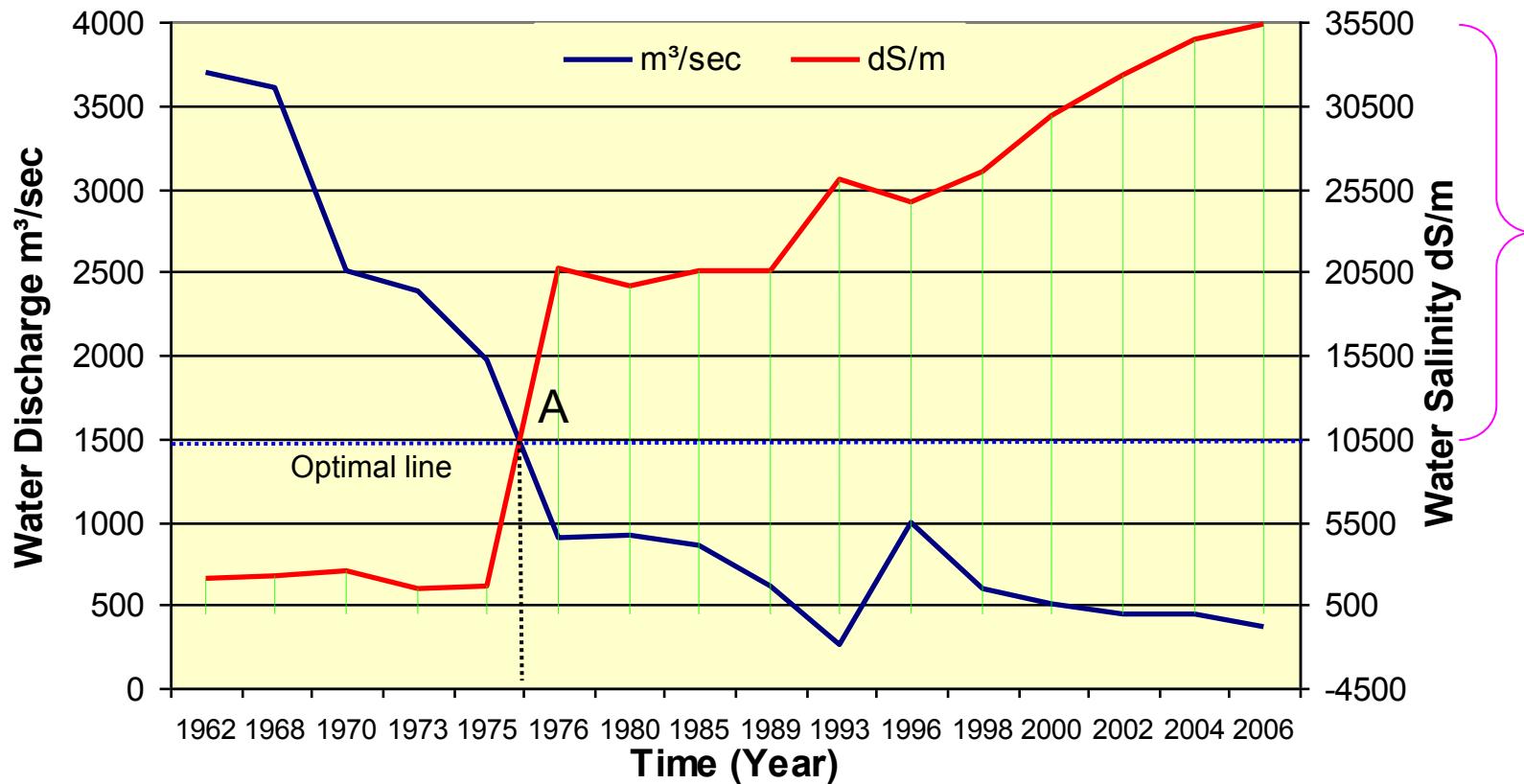
Impacts of Farakka in the Ganges Delta



ফারাক্কায় পানি প্রবাহ স্বাভাবিক না থাকায় পদ্মাৱ এ দৃশ্য এখন সহজেই চোখে পড়ে

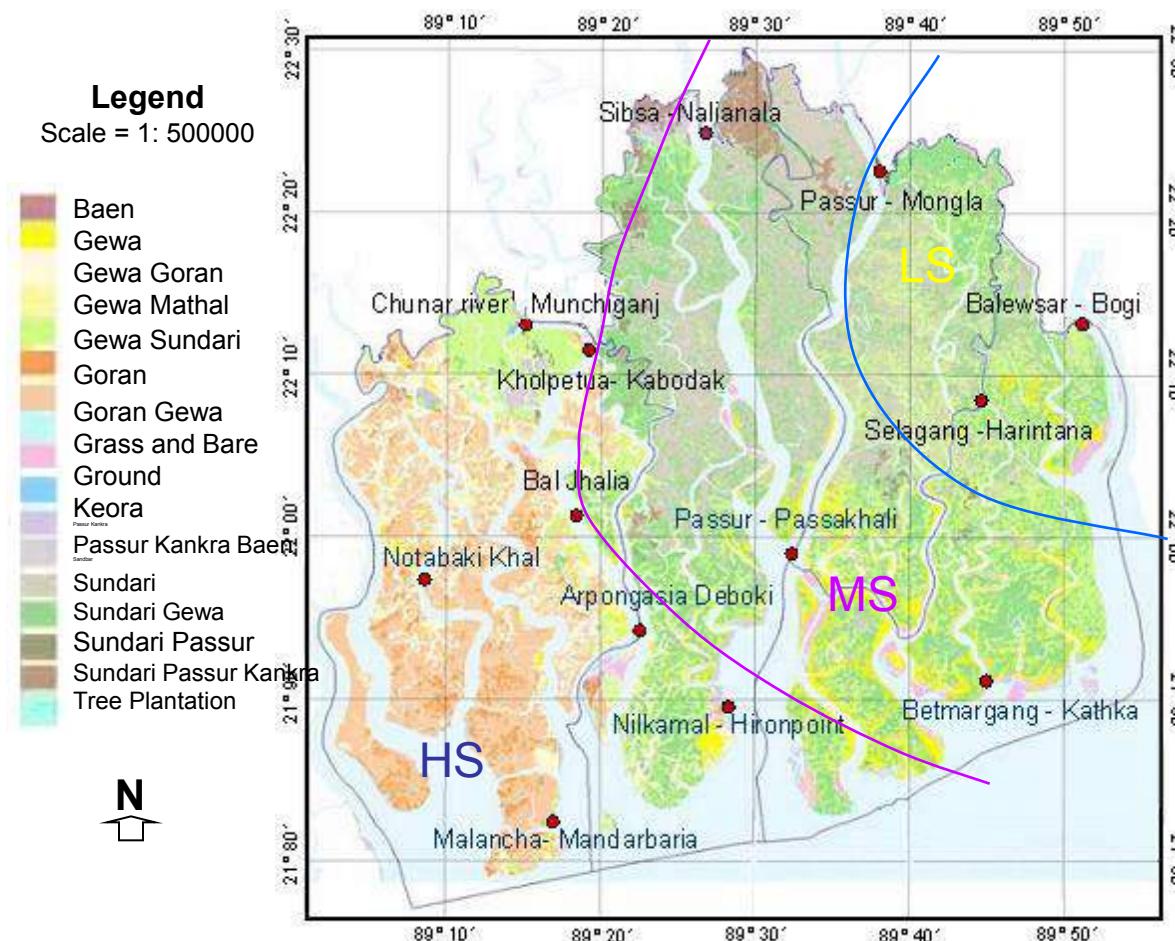
The Scenario of the Ganges Basin in 2006

Optimal Solution for Threatened Ecosystems



The Ganges water flow curve, salinity intrusion curve and the optimal line have crossed at point **A** which is the optimal point of salinity intrusion.

The Locations of 13 Potential Rivers



Heritiera fomes 21%, *H. fomes* - *E. agallocha* 29%, *E. agallocha* 5%, *E. agallocha* - *H. fomes* 15%, *C. decandra* - *E. agallocha* 14%, *E. agallocha* - *C. decandra* 9%, *Sonneratia apetala* 1%.

Top-dying Affected Areas

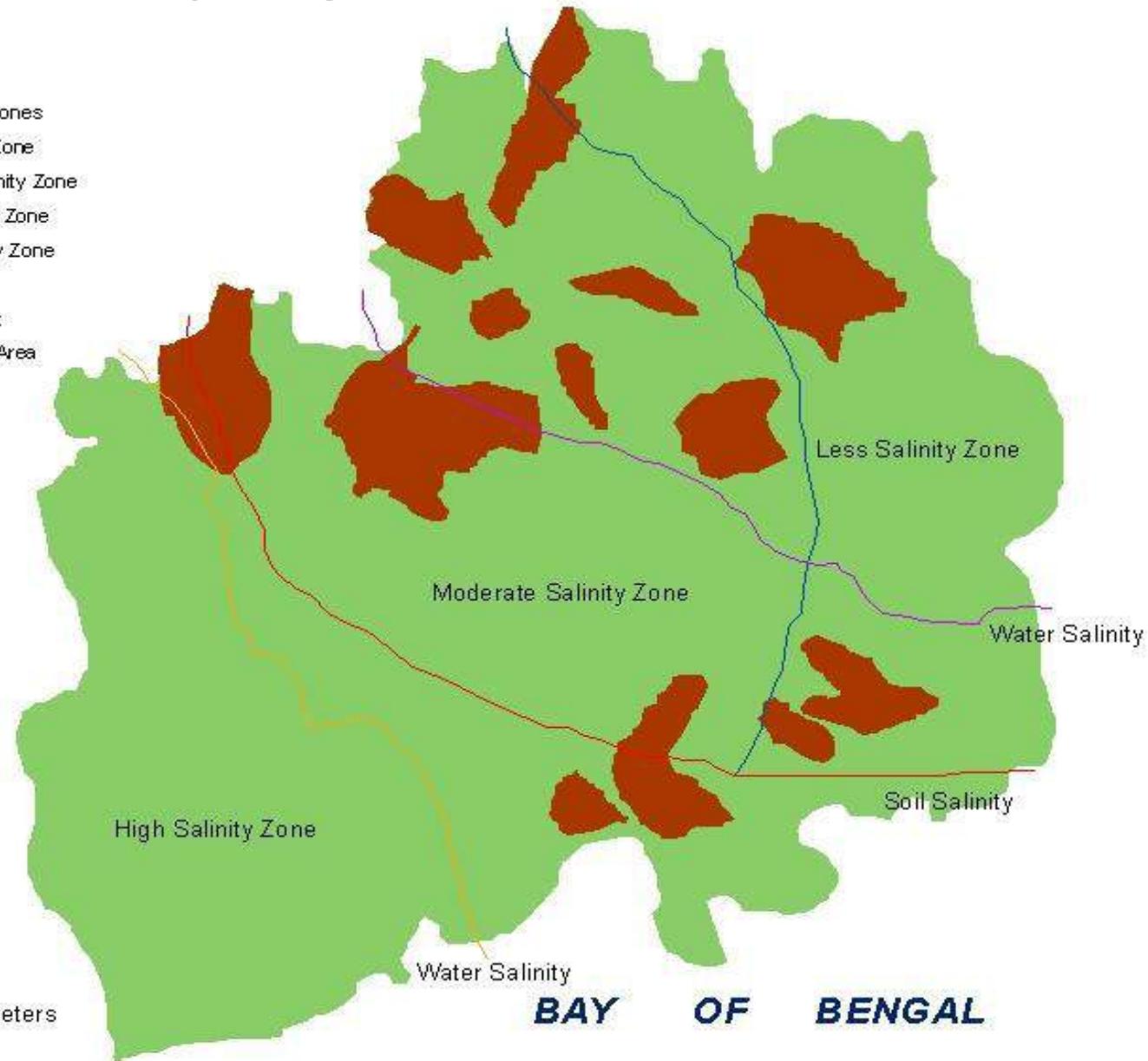
Legend

- Three Ecological Zones
 - Less Soil Salinity Zone
 - Moderate Soil Salinity Zone
 - High Water salinity Zone
 - Less Water Salinity Zone
-
- Sundarbans Forest
 - Topdying Affected Area

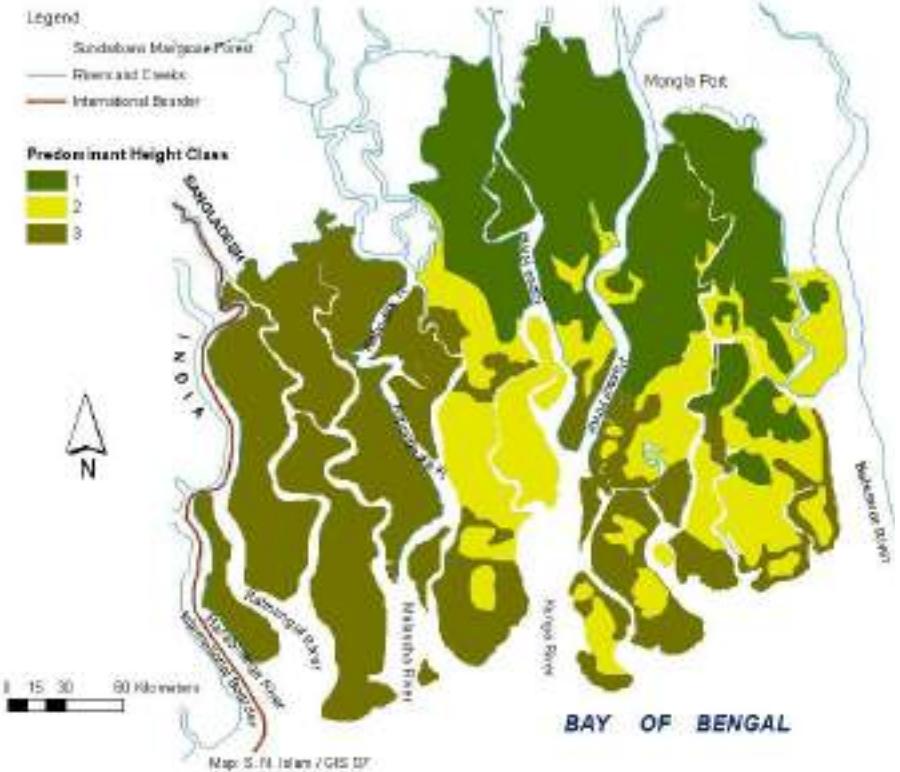


0 10 20 40 60
Kilometers

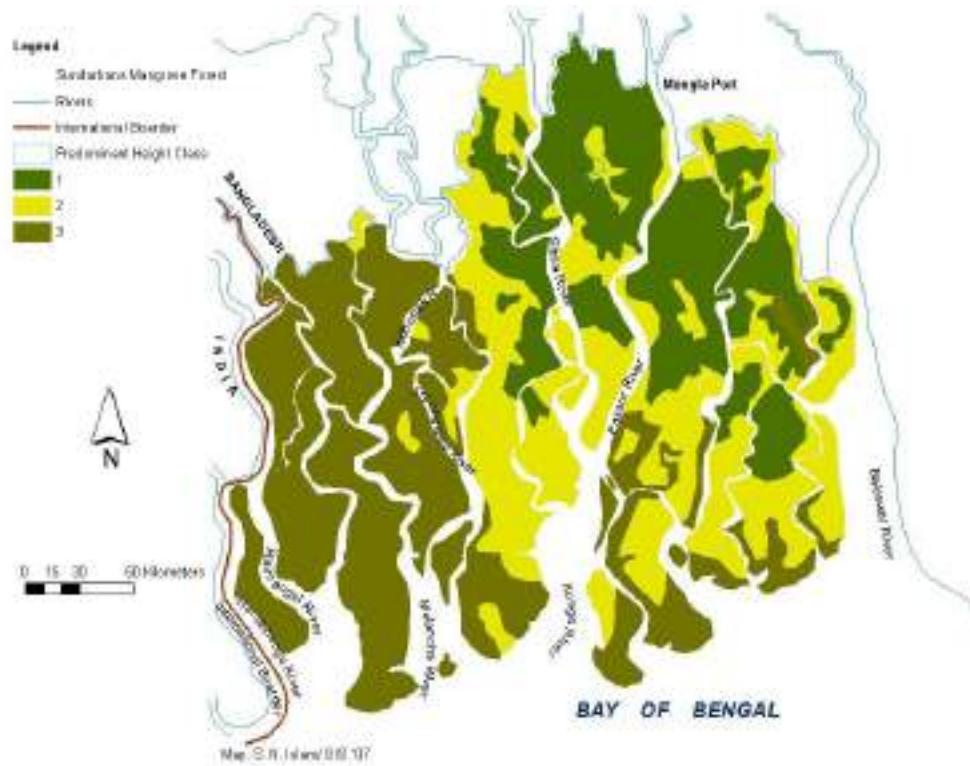
Map: S.N. Islam/ GIS '07



Vegetation Height Class Changing Pattern

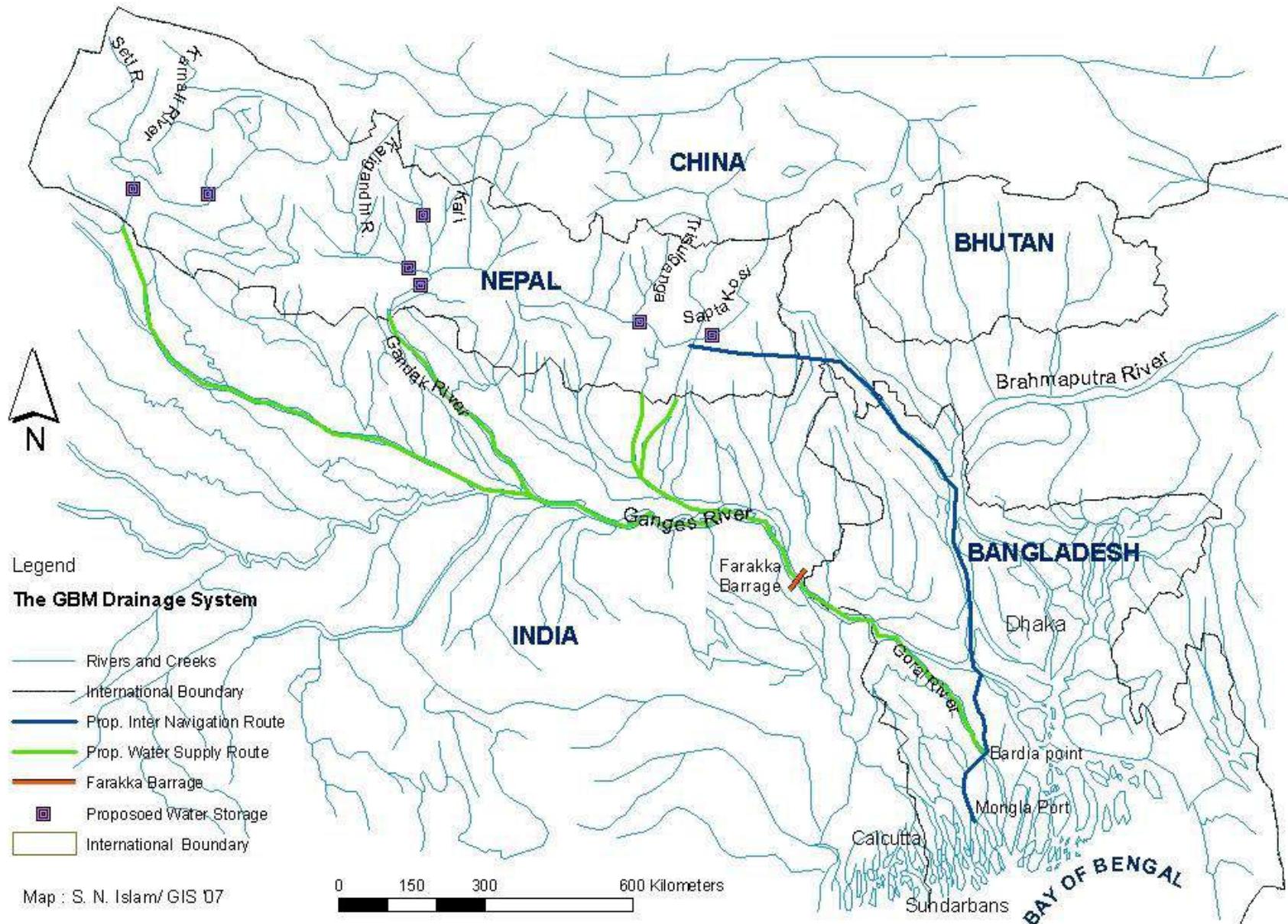


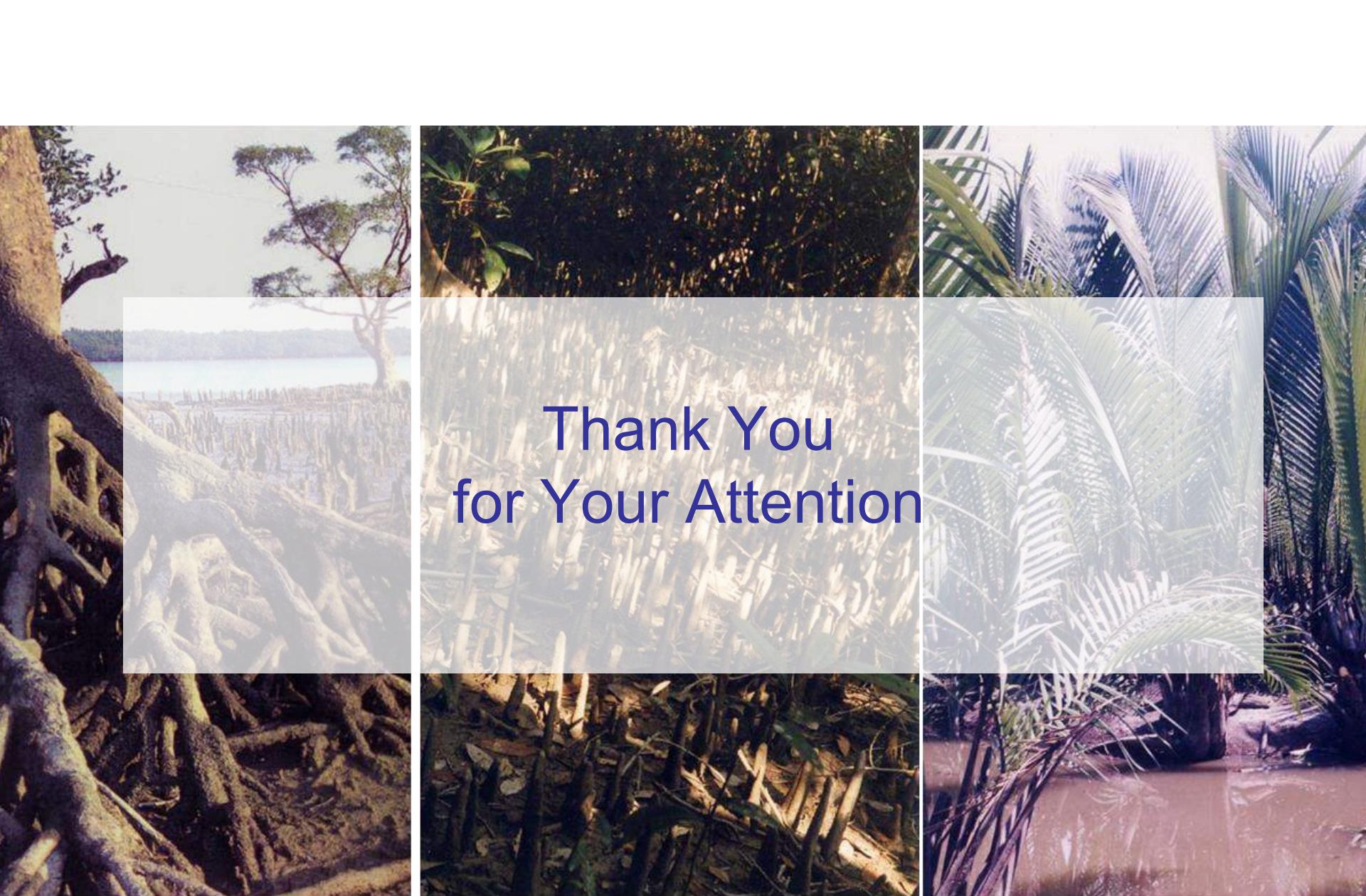
Forest Canopy Class in 1933 (Curtis, 1933)



Forest Canopy Class in 1985 (ODA, 1985)







Thank You
for Your Attention